MSFeCARE



MSFeCARE electronic Clinical Algorithms and REcommendations

The potential of operational eCDSSderived data to guide evidence-informed clinical decision making

> Swiss TPH CDSS symposium 8 February 2023



Lucie Gueuning Jocelyne Cumunel Mary-Anne Hartley





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? What / Where / Why is MSFeCARE?

🎯 Aim



Collaboration







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TARGET: eCDSS to guide acute outpatient care in <5 year old children (ped), 0 to 2 months old (YI) and vaccination routine and campaigns.

GEOGRAPHIC SCOPE: Tanzania, Kenya, Chad, Niger, Nigeria, Mali, CAR, Sierra Leone, South Sudan



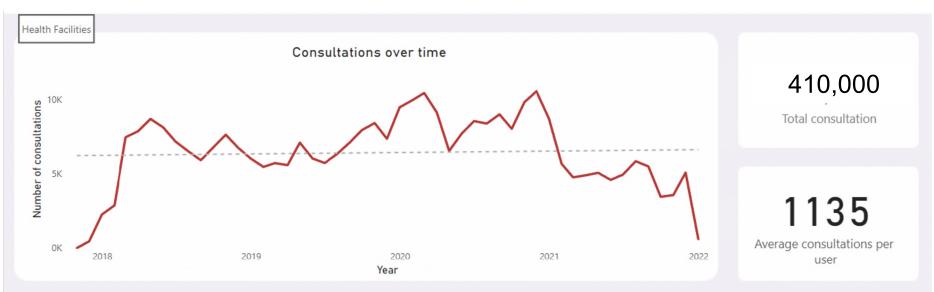


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IMPACT: Improvements in consultation process, better communication between health workers and caretakers and decrease of antibiotics overuse.



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PROPERTIES:

- <u>OPERATIONAL</u> tool (not research)
- Simple
- Robust to volatile and (very) low-resource settings
- MSF guidelines

\rightarrow Static, generic predictions \rightarrow maximize performance on the MAJORITY of patients





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OBJECTIVE

• Sharing, externally, the reality of analysing the data from the field

REALITY CHECK

- MSF is collecting huge amount of data
- Our data collection is not predictive
- Hidden potential in the data

To unlock data potential, collaboration with EPFL

Collaboration (EPFL-MSF)



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Mary-Anne Hartley (aka Annie)

MD, PhD, MPH

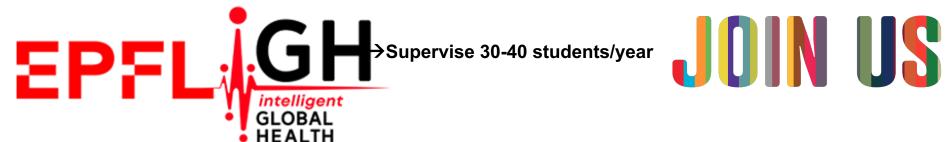
AIM: Use data to improve clinical practice in resource-limited settings

1. Make algorithms that predict results of expensive tests/expertise

2. Better represent neglected populations

Collaboration (EPFL-MSF)







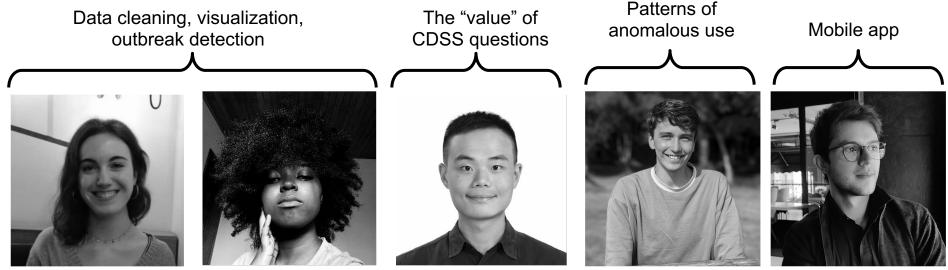
Students \rightarrow invaluable resource to provide access to data science

- **MSc Semester Projects** (30% for 4 months) ٠
- **MSc Thesis Projects** (100% for 4-6 months) ٠
- **Internships** (variable time) ٠

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QUESTION

• What is the predictive potential of the data?



Paloma Cito Semester Project

Lynn-Kelly Tchoffa Semester Project

Kuan Tung MSc Thesis

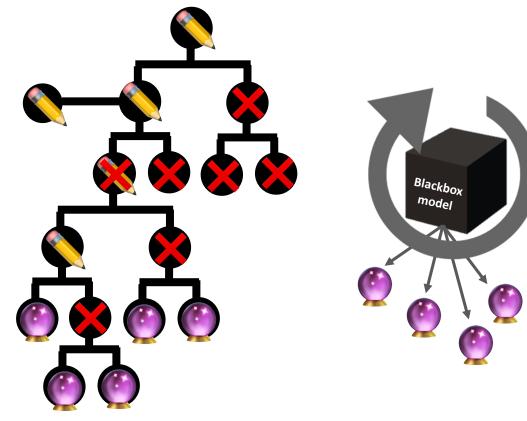
Henrik Myrhe Semester Project

Batuhan Faik Intern

The problem with CDSS-derived data



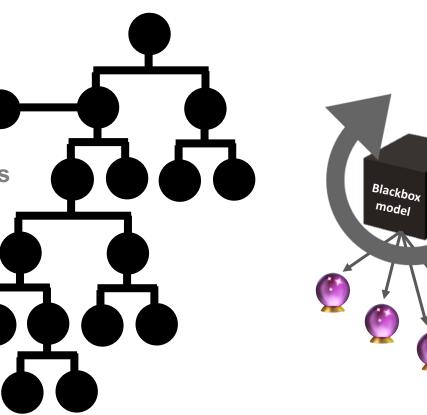
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The problem with CDSS-derived data

Challenges

- Systematic missingness
- Interpretability
- Robustness to variable resources
- Portability to new contexts



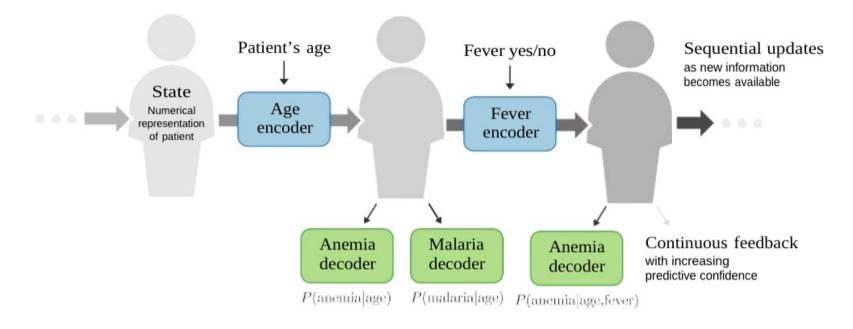




Modular clinical decision support



electronic Clinical Algorithms and **R**Ecommendations

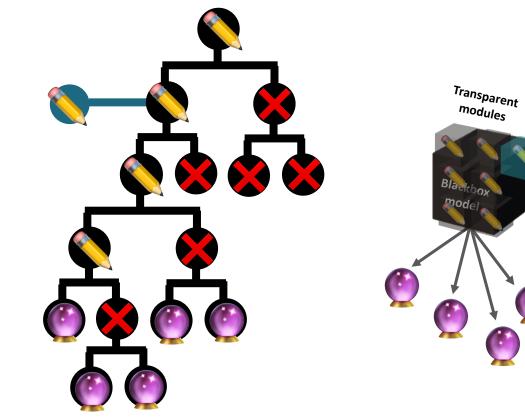


Predicting what you need with what you HAVE

The problem with CDSS-derived data



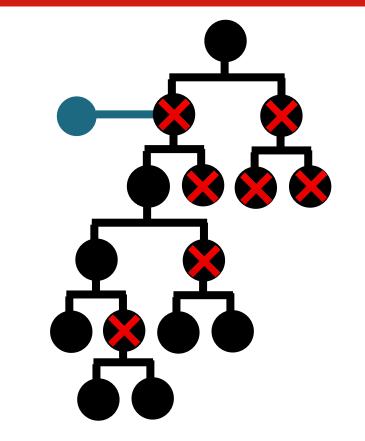




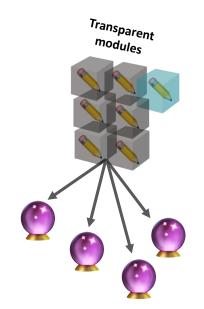
The problem with CDSS-derived data



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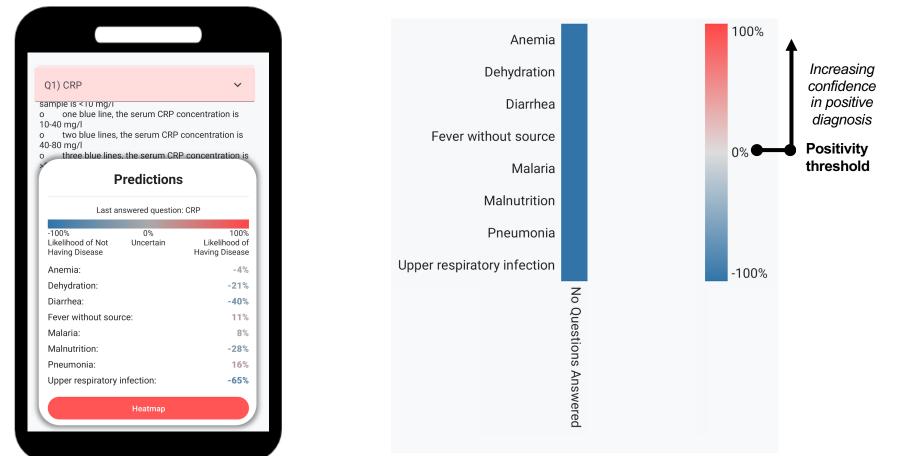
Predicting what you need with what you *HAVE*



Modular clinical decision support (app)



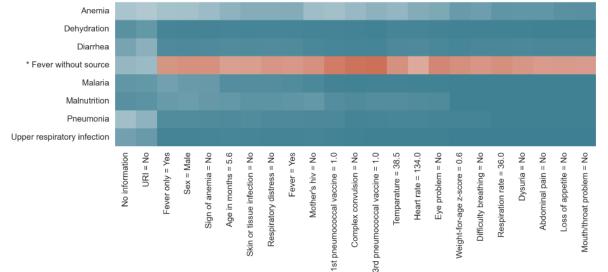
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Questionnaire optimization



MoDN-flip - Feature Decoders (Reordered with FS)



1.0

- 0.8

- 0.6

- 0.4

- 0.2

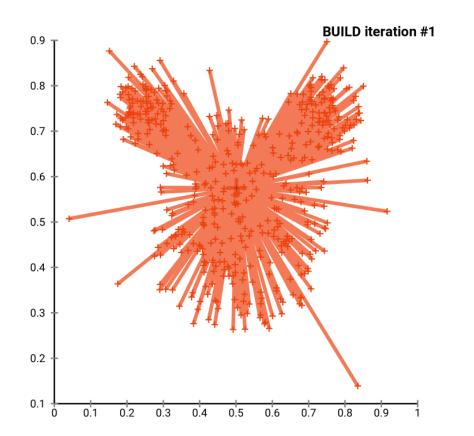
0.0

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Anomalous use detection







Examples:

- Missing values
- Physiological improbable entries
- Variance between patients

Anomalous use detection



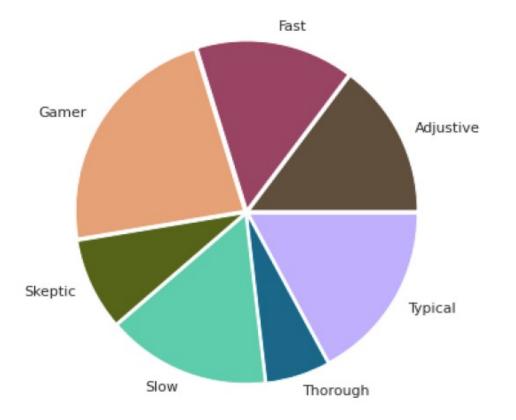
- 1.00 -0.75 Skeptic -0.50 Slow -0.25 Gamer Cluster Thorough -0.00 Fast - -0.25 Typical - -0.50 Adjustive with num-of-cons - -0.75 distry neon pix sock it dis dx incomp dx all nan reg field nan wrong 2 sock in distance variation banning distance variation innortance variation 180 -1.00Features

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Anomalous use detection

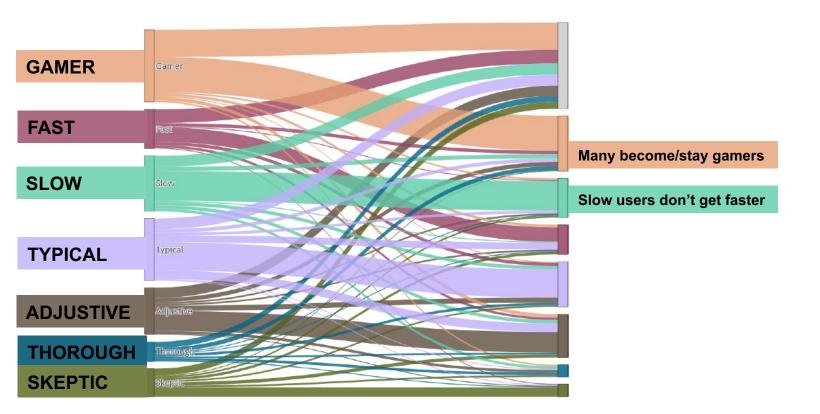


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• Responsibility

• Resistance

• Barrier to healthcare

• Uncertainty

 Call for evidence in the use of data-driven tool

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