

COVID-19 and climate change interlinkages: what we know and emerging questions

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Swiss TPH, COVID-19, Climate Change

Swiss TPH / University of Basel

- The largest Public Health Institute in Switzerland (#868 employees, 86 nations, 135 countries)
- Past, current, and future global health challenges, in Switzerland and worldwide
- Pandemics (COVID-19) in Switzerland and worldwide (21 related projects, 30 countries)
- Transdisciplinarity, One Health, Ecosystem Health, Health System Strengthening, Climate change, SDGs, ...







This Presentation

- 1. What are the major planetary challenges?
- 2. What are the connections between COVID-19 and Climate Change?
- 3. What have been the responses to COVID-19?
- 4. What lessons are taken from the responses to COVID-19 that could be helpful for future Climate Action?





1. Planetary challenges

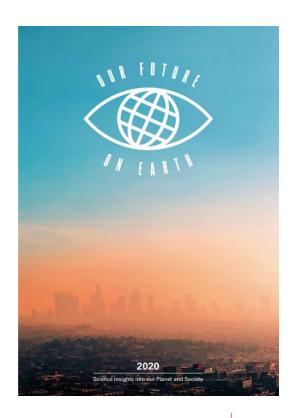
1. The most important risks to the planet?

The most severe **global risks** in terms of **impacts**

- Climate change
- Extreme weather
- Biodiversity loss and ecosystem collapse
- Food crisis
- Water crisis

The threat of **cascading** crises with one worsening another; ... risk of global systemic collapse

Impacts: ... diseases, deaths, pandemics





1. The most important risks to the planet?

- Natural habitat destruction
- Climate crisis
- Loss of Biodiversity
- Drowning in waste
- Water crisis
- Food crisis
- ... diseases, deaths, pandemics





Review

Transdisciplinary Research Priorities for Human and Planetary Health in the Context of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Kristie L. Ebi ^{1,*} ⁰, Frances Harris ² ⁰, Giles B. Sioen ^{3,4} ⁰, Chadia Wannous ⁵, Assaf Anyamba ⁶ ⁰, Peng Bi ⁷, Melanie Boeckmann ⁸ ⁰, Kathryn Bowen ^{9,10,11}, Guéladio Cissé ^{12,13} ⁰, Purnamita Dasgupta ¹⁴ ⁰, Gabriel O. Dida ^{15,16} ⁰, Alexandros Gasparatos ¹⁷ ⁰, Franz Gatzweiler ¹⁸, Firouzeh Javadi ¹⁹, Sakiko Kanbara ²⁰, Brama Kone ^{21,22}, Bruce Maycock ²³, Andy Morse ²⁴, Takahiro Murakami ¹⁹, Adetoun Mustapha ²⁵, Montira Pongsiri ²⁶, Gerardo Suzán ²⁷, Chiho Watanabe ⁴ and Anthony Capon ²⁸

Planetary Health!!!

... human health impacts from disruptions of Earth's natural systems

... pandemics (COVID-19) Climate change





2. Climate change and COVID-19 linkages

2. Climate change and COVID-19 interlinkages?

- Vast amount of research on climate change
- Climate change ... a problem for the entire planet
- Limited information on COVID-19
- COVID-19.... a pandemic, rapidly expanded planet
- They are both:
 - Huge in scale, with high death tolls
 - Important "shocks", public "bads"
- The have both:
 - suffered from delayed, insufficient or mistaken actions
 - highest impacts on the most vulnerable people









PREVENTING THE NEXT PANDEMI

Zoonotic diseases and how to break the chain of transmission

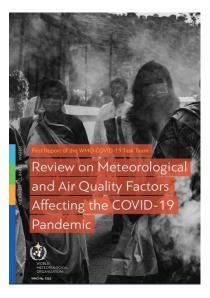


A Scientific Assessment with Key Messages for Policy-Maker
A Special Volume of UNEP's Frontiers Report Series



2. Climate change and COVID-19 interlinkages?

- "... the virus survives longer under cold, dry and low ultraviolet radiation conditions"
- No evidence of a direct connection between climate change and the emergence or transmission of COVID-19 disease
- Key anthropogenic drivers : agricultural intensification, increased demand for animal protein, conversion of land and climate change
- Strong link between air pollution and higher rates of COVID-19-related deaths



Climate role on COVID-19 emergence: indirect, through major planetary disruptions affecting **human-animal-environmental health**

Swiss TPH 💙

(Source: WMO 2021; UNEP 2020



3. Responses to COVID-19

3. Responses to COVID-19?

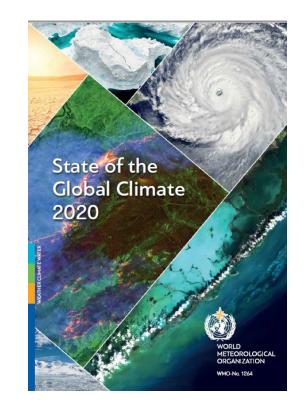
- Health authorities slow to recognize the gravity
- At least 150 millions diagnosed with COVID-19 (as of May 2021), hundred of thousands died
- Governments forced to strict lockdowns and massive financial investments
- Governments had, by August 2020, put in place shortterm recovery measures estimated to cost at least US\$11.8tn or 8.7% of global GDP (World Bank, 2020)
- On average, government debt ratio to GDP would rise by almost 20 % by end-2022 for the OECD countries





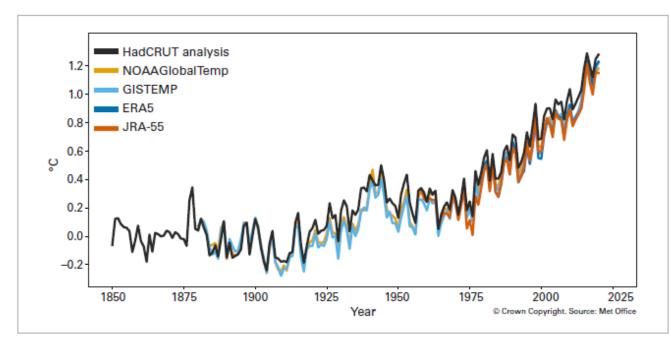
3. Responses to COVID-19... and climate change?

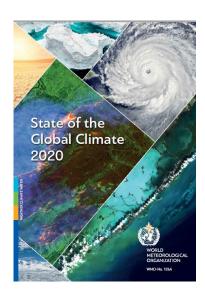
- Global carbon dioxide emissions dropped about 7% in 2020
- At end of restrictions and lockdowns, emissions returned to their normal climb
- 2011-2020: the warmest decade on record (WMO). The six warmest years have all been since 2015
- In 2020, the average global temperature is already about 1.2°C warmer than the preindustrial times
- There is at least a one in five chance of exceeding 1.5°C by 2024





3. Responses to COVID-19... and climate change?





Global annual mean temperature difference from pre-industrial conditions (1850–1900) for five global temperature data sets



(Source: WMO 2021



4. Lessons for Climate Action from responses to COVID-19

4. Lessons from Responses to COVID-19?

- Increased belief in science in general (vaccins)
- Infectious diseases (COVID-19): effects immediate and hitting directly
- Climate change: slow motion, effects less visible, less concentrated
- Overlapping impacts: the two crises to be tackled concurrently
- UNFCC, National Determined Contributions (NDCs)
 COP26, to step forward with enhanced commitments,
 COVID-19 and climate crisis in tandem





4. Lessons from Responses to COVID-19?

- COVID-19 highlighted how vulnerable are all countries in an interconnected world, even richest countries like Switzerland*
- Climate crisis: major threat to the capacity for a good pandemic response (need One Health)*
- Rapid and radical action is possible and humans can handle together a global crisis, global cooperation, health systems strengthening*
- Global community able to move beyond sector-specific crisis reactions?







(Source: Swiss TPH, UNEP 2020



Thank you for your attention

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